

## Weekly rainfall variability and probability analysis for resource planning at Hadagali, Karnataka

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■ **ABSTRACT** : Daily rainfall data of 35 years (1978-2012) of Hadagali were used for weekly analysis to study the variability and the probability level of occurrence. The highest mean weekly rainfall (42.5 mm) was received during 39<sup>th</sup> SMW. The CV was less than 150 per cent during 22-33, 35 and 37-42<sup>nd</sup> SMW, indicated that the rainfall was consistent during those weeks. The rainfall analysis showed that the crop could be recommended under dry land during 22-33, 35 and 37-42<sup>nd</sup> SMW as the rainfall was more consistent during these periods as compared to 18<sup>th</sup> to 21<sup>st</sup> SMW, which also fell under south west monsoon period. The study indicated that rainfall amount of more than 20 mm of rainfall could be expected during 38-40<sup>th</sup> SMW with 50 per cent probability, which hints for rain water harvesting.

■ **KEY WORDS** : Daily rainfall, Co-efficient of variation, Standard meteorological weeks, Variability, Probability

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